## The Eight Planets of our Solar System



Name: Mercury

Distance to sun: about 58 million km

Moons: none

Diameter: 4,879 km at the equator

Mercury is the planet in our solar system that is closest to our sun. Named
after the Roman god Mercury who was the messenger to the gods, it is the
smallest planet, and is very difficult to see because it is so close to the sun.



Name: Venus

Distance to sun: about 108 million km

Moons: none

Diameter: 12,100 km at the equator

 Venus is sometimes called our "sister planet" because it is nearly the same size as Earth, and it is closest to us. Second from the sun, it is named after the Roman goddess of love. It often appears very bright in the early morning sky.



Name: Earth

Distance to sun: about 150 million km

Moons: one

Diameter: 12,756 km at the equator

Earth is the only planet that we know of, so far, that has life. It also has the solar system's largest moon. Three quarters of the planet is covered by oceans. Over 7 billion people live on Earth in about 200 countries.



Name: Mars

Distance to sun: about 228 million km

Moons: two

Diameter: 6,792 km at the equator

 Mars is smaller than both Venus and Earth, but has the solar system's largest volcano. Named after the Roman god of war (because of its blood-red color), many scientists believe that humans will travel to Mars this century.



Name: Jupiter Distance to sun: about 778 million km

Moons: 60 - 70 Diameter: 142,984 km at the equator

Jupiter is the largest planet in our solar system, and the third brightest object in the night sky. Named after the king of the Roman gods in mythology, Jupiter (along with Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune) is known as a "gas giant".



Name: Saturn

Distance to sun: about 1.4 billion km

Moons: 60 - 70

Diameter: 120,536 km at the equator

 Saturn, the sixth planet from the sun, and the second largest planet, is special because of rings (some other planets have them, but Saturn's are largest). It is named after the Roman god of agriculture (as is 'Saturday').



Name: Uranus

Distance to sun: about 2.88 billion km

Moons: 27 (maybe more)

Diameter: 51,118 km at the equator

Uranus was only 'recently' discovered by Englishman William Herschel in 1781. The planet was first named after King George III of England, but the name was later changed to 'Uranus' (after the Greek god of the sky).



Name: Neptune Distance to sun: about 4.5 billion km

Moons: 13 (maybe more) Diameter: 49,528 km at the equator

• **Neptune** is the furthest planet from the sun (although small 'dwarf planets' such as Pluto are even more distant). Discovered by French and English astronomers in 1846, it is named after the Greek god of the sea.

NAME:					DATE:	
Re	adir	ng: S	pace			
'Th	ie Ei	ght F	<b>Planet</b>	S O	f our Solar System'	
• \	OCABU	JLARY: M	atch the w	ords	with their meanings.	
1.	solar	system	B	A.	how far away something is from another thing	
2.	dista	nce		В.	the sun and all its planets	
3.	diam	eter		C.	1,000,000,000	
4.	billior	า		D.	how far from one side to the other	
• (	OMPRE	HENSION	l #1: Write	∍ 'T' (⊺	True) or 'F' (False) next to each statement.	
1.	F	Earth is o	our solar sys	stem's	largest planet.	
2.		Uranus is	larger than	Nept	une.	
3		Jupiter is	the third pla	anet fr	om the sun.	
J.			4			
<b>4</b> .		Mercury h	nas two mo	ons.		
		-			at has rings.	
4.		Saturn is		anet th	<u> </u>	
4. 5.		Saturn is Earth is n	the only pla	anet th	<u> </u>	

1.	How many planets don't have a moon?
2.	Which planet gave its name to a day of the week?
3.	Which planet is not named after a Roman or Greek god?
4.	What is an example of a 'dwarf planet'?
5.	Which planet has the largest moon?
6.	Which planet is the smallest?

DISCUSS: Now ask your classmates these questions ...

Imagine you discovered a new planet. What name would you give it? Why?

7. Which planet was first named after a person? \_\_\_\_\_\_

## **READING**

**SPACE: 'The Eight Planets'** 

Aim Reading; Vocabulary building

**Level** Advanced

**Time** Approximately 20 – 25 minutes

## **ANSWER KEY**

## My Notes

VOCABULARY

**1.** B **3.** D **2.** A **4.** C

● COMPREHENSION #1

**1.** F **4.** F **6.** T

**2.** T **5.** F **7.** F

**3.** F

COMPREHENSION #2

two
 Pluto
 Mercury
 Saturn
 Earth
 Uranus

Saturn
 Earth